



What is claimed is:

A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane having two compositionally distinct opposing faces, the membrane comprising:

a fibrous reinforcement;

a perfluoropolymer material coating on each side of the reinforcement, the perfluoropolymer in a balanced state having mechanical forces within the perfluoropolymer equal on each side of the reinforcement to prevent the membrane from curling; and

an elastomer disposed over the perfluoropolymer material on one side of the reinforcement.

- 2. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the elastomer comprises a silicone rubber.
- 3. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the perfluropolymer comprises PTFE.
- 4. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the perfluropolymer comprises PTFE and the elastomer comprises silicone rubber.
- 5. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 4, wherein the reinforcement comprise a glass fiber.
- 6. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the perhuoropolymer material is applied in equal amounts to each face of the reinforcement.
- 7. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 2, wherein the silicone rubber is derived from an addition-cure, 100 percent solids, liquid silicone rubber composition.

8. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 7, wherein the liquid silicone rubber comprises one or more pigments.

9. A fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane according to claim 7, wherein in the liquid silicone-rubber comprises an organic peroxide catalyst.

- 10. A method for producing the fiber-reinforced flexible composite membrane of claim 1, comprising
- a) coating a woven reinforcement able to tolerate perfluoropolymer processing temperatures with the perfluropolymer and fusing the perfluropolymer to a woven reinforcement to obtain a balanced perfluropolymer/woven reinforcement composite;
- b) rendering one face of the perfluropolymer/woven reinforcement composite bondable to an elastomer;
- c) coating the bondable face of the perfluropolymer/woven reinforcement composite with a low viscosity, platinum catalyzed, addition cure, solventless liquid silicone rubber elastomer; and
 - d) curing the liquid silicone rubber into a solid rubber.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the liquid silicone rubber comprises two components, one component containing a catalyst and the other component containing a crosslinking agent and an inhibitor.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the two components comprise vinyl-terminated polydimethylsiloxane.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the two components further comprise furned silica.

- 14. The method of claim 11, wherein the two components are mixed in a ratio of 1:1.
- 15. The method of claim 11, wherein the two components are mixed in a ratio of 10:1.
- 16. The method of claim 11, wherein the perfluropolymer is applied in equal amounts to both faces of the woven reinforcement.
- 17. The method of claim 10, wherein the woven reinforcement is fiberglass or aramid.
- 18. The method of claim 11, wherein one face of the perfluoropolymer/woven reinforcement composite is rendered bondable by coating said one face with a mixture of a colloidal silica dispersion and a perfluorinated copolymer resin dispersion.
- 19. The method of claim 11, wherein one face of the perfluoropolymer/woven reinforcement composite is rendered bondable by treatment with a solution of sodium, naphthalene and glycol ether.
- 20. A conveyor belt comprising a fiber-reinforced flexible composite according to any one of claims 1-9.
- A non-curling reinforced membrane with compositionally distinct opposed faces, the composite comprising:
 - a glass reinforced fabric layer having two opposed faces;
- a PTFE coating applied to the fabric layer on both faces, the coating in a balanced state having mechanical forces within the PTFE equal on each side of the reinforcement to prevent the membrane from curling; and

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a layer of silicone rubber applied to one of said opposed faces previously coated

with PTFE.